

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Adolescent	A young person who has undergone puberty but who has not reached full maturity
Child	Child shall mean any person under eighteen years of age
Child trafficking	Is the recruitment, transportation, transfer, harbouring, or receiving of children for the purpose of exploitation. The recruitment, transportation, transfer, harbouring or receipt of a child for the purpose of exploitation shall be considered “trafficking in human beings” even if this does not involve any of the means.
CoE Convention	Council of Europe Convention on Action against Trafficking in Human Beings
Compensation	Something, such as money, given or received as payment or reparation, as for a service or loss
Country of origin	Country from which the trafficked child comes
Destination country	Country to which the child is trafficked
Exploitation	Exploitation shall include, at a minimum, the exploitation of the prostitution of others or other forms of sexual exploitation, forced labour or services, slavery or practices similar to slavery, servitude or the removal of organs;
Internal trafficking	Trafficking within the same country (between regions/ districts, etc.).
National Referral Mechanism	Procedure designed to ensure coordination among government ministries, NGOs and others that are involved in caring for victims of trafficking and making decisions in regards to them.
Offence	‘Offence’ and ‘crime’ are used interchangeably in the Report and do not imply that one is more serious than the other.
Palermo Protocol	Trafficking Protocol referred to as the “Palermo Protocol” - UN Protocol to Prevent, Suppress and Punish Trafficking in Persons, Especially Women and Children, linked to the UN Convention against Transnational Organised Crime (2000)
Recovery and reflection period	Period granted to victims of THB to recover from their experiences of at least 30 days. Such a period shall be sufficient for the person concerned to recover and escape the influence of traffickers and/or to take an informed decision on cooperating with the competent authorities. During this period it shall not be possible to enforce any expulsion order against him or her.
Refoulement	The expulsion or return of a refugee to the frontiers of territories where his or her life or freedom is threatened because of his or her race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social group or political opinion.
Reintegration	Policies/programmes aimed at providing for a victim’s safe, dignified and sustainable reinsertion into society and a normalised life, which include a full range of services, from shelter assistance or other accommodation, medical and psychological care, social and legal counselling to reintegration grants, school reinsertion, and vocational training.
Repatriation	Act on safe return of a trafficked person to the country of birth, citizenship, or origin.
Separated child	Separated from both parents or from their legal or customary primary caregiver, but not necessarily from other relatives. These may include children accompanied by other adult family members.
Trafficker	A person who engages in trafficking in persons as defined by the UN Convention on Transnational Organised Crime and its Protocols.
Unaccompanied child	An unaccompanied child or minor is a child who is separated from both parents and other relatives and is not being cared for by an adult who, by law or custom, is responsible for doing so.